

<b>Name</b>		<b>Roll Number</b>	
-------------	--	--------------------	--



**INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT  
MIDDLE SECTION  
FINAL EXAMINATION 2017-18**



**SOCIAL SCIENCE**

Code: MZSS11/13

CLASS: VIII

Time Allotted: 2 ½ Hrs.

04.03.2018

Max .Marks: 80

**General Instructions:**

1. The question paper comprises of **two Sections, A and B**. You have to attempt both the sections.
2. **All** questions are **compulsory**.
3. **All answers should be written in the answer sheet provided.**
4. All questions in **Section A** carries **one** mark.
5. One mark questions to be answered in **one point**, two marks in **two points**, three marks in **three points** and four marks in **four points**.
6. Map to be **attached** with the answer sheet.

**SECTION A(objective)**

- |     |   |       |
|-----|---|-------|
| Qns |   | Marks |
| 1.  | <b>FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH APPROPRIATE ANSWER:</b>  | 6     |
|     | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Many reformers felt that _____ was necessary in order to improve the condition of women.</li> <li>b. The _____ leaders wanted to develop public awareness about the unjust nature of the British rule.</li> <li>c. In 1950, the government set up a _____ Commission to help design and execute suitable policies for economic development.</li> <li>d. _____ is the leading producer of wheat in the world.</li> <li>e. _____ Mutiny started from Meerut and spread to other parts of India.</li> <li>f. For a common person, access to _____ is access to Justice.</li> </ol> |       |
| 2.  | <b>NAME THE FOLLOWING:</b>  | 6     |
|     | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. She raised and led an army of four thousand in Ramgarh against the British. _____</li> <li>b. He started Shantiniketan in 1901. _____</li> <li>c. It is a popular eco-friendly automobile fuel as it causes less pollution than petrol and diesel. _____</li> <li>d. Statistical study of human population. _____</li> <li>e. A term used for Adivasis by the Indian government in various official documents. _____</li> <li>f. The river that is getting polluted due to the effluents from industries in Delhi industrial belt. _____</li> </ol>                             |       |

3. **CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER AND FILL IN THE BLANKS:** 6

- a. The President of Board of Control of the Company, who framed an educational policy for India. \_\_\_\_\_ (Charles Wood, Lord Macaulay, Henry Colebrook)
- b. He is fondly remembered as 'Frontier Gandhi' and the founder of Khudai Khidmatgars. \_\_\_\_\_ (Shaukat Ali, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan)
- c. Defence and foreign affairs come under the \_\_\_\_\_ List. (Concurrent, state, Union)
- d. People who leave their country are called. \_\_\_\_\_ (Immigrants, migration, emigrants)
- e. To maintain the standard of \_\_\_\_\_, the government defines a set of cut-off marks for admission to colleges. ( Living, Health, Education)
- f. She secretly learnt to read and write in the flickering light of candles at night. (Pandita Ramabai, Begum Rokeya, Rash Sundari Debi )

4. **ON THE GIVEN OUTLINE MAP OF INDIA LOCATE AND LABEL THE FOLLOWING:** 4

- a. A petroleum reserve in Assam
- b. A cotton textile industry in Tamil Nadu
- c. An IT hub in Andhra Pradesh
- d. Manchester of India.

**SECTION B (HISTORY)**

- 5. Why did the sepoys of the regiment at Meerut refuse to do the army drill? 1
- 6. According to the Wood's Despatch, what was the advantage of the introduction of European learning? 1
- 7. What was Tagore's view on childhood education and the role of a teacher? 1
- 8. Who started the Satyashodak Samaj and what did he propagate? 1
- 9. Which method did the radicals emphasize on? 1
- 10. Why the tribals were granted reservation in seats and jobs? 1
- 11. What were the causes for the decline of power of the Nawabs and Rajas? 2
- 12. What were the ideals of the Brahmo Samaj? 2
- 13. Why did the Congress start Swadeshi and Boycott movement? 2
- 14. a. Why did Mahatma Gandhi criticize the English education? 3

**OR**

- b. Why did Gandhiji encourage children to learn handicrafts?

15. a. Describe Ambedkar's contribution as a caste reformer. 3  
**OR**  
 b. Who started the Self Respect Movement and what were his arguments in favour of the untouchables?
16. a. Why did Lord Curzon partition Bengal? 4  
**OR**  
 b. Who started the Non-Cooperation movement and why was it abruptly called off?
17. a. What initiatives were taken for planning and development after Independence? 4  
**OR**  
 b. Write about the reorganization of states after gaining independence.

### **SECTION B(CIVICS)**

18. What is the importance of independent judiciary in a democracy? 1
19. What is the significance of Article 17 of the Indian Constitution? 1
20. How does the 1989 Act protect the right of the tribal people? 1
21. Why did our government enact a law on Minimum wages? 1
22. Discuss the role of police and judge in the criminal justice system. 2
23. Mention the two ways in which the marginalized have drawn on their rights. 2
24. a. Who are the Adivasis? Which languages do they speak? 4  
**OR**  
 b. Write about Adivasi religion.

### **SECTION B(GEOGRAPHY)**

25. Why is coal known as 'buried sunshine'? 1
26. How can a country achieve agricultural development? 1
27. What is intensive subsistence agriculture? 1
28. 'Generally high technology industries group together'. Give reason. 1
29. What is Biogas? State 2 uses of Biogas. 2
30. How can food security be achieved? How important is it? 2
31. Define population explosion and what was the main reason for the population explosion between 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> century? 2
32. a. Explain population pyramids. How does it help in population studies? 3  
**OR**  
 b. Define the term migration? Why do people migrate?
33. a. What is mixed farming? A farmer rears silkworm to supplement his income. What is it called? 3  
**OR**  
 b. What is shifting cultivation and mention one disadvantage of shifting cultivation?
34. a. Enumerate the risk reduction measures for an Industrial disaster. 4  
**OR**  
 b. Why is steel known as the backbone of modern industry?

